PERFORMANCE & TECHNICAL DATA.





	Power output	0-62mph / 0-100km/h	Fuel consumption – combined		CO ₂ emissions – combined	Mild Hybrid Technology†	
PETROL	(hp)	(secs)	(mpg)*	(I/100km)*	(g/km)*	(Y/N)	
220i Sport	170	8.1	46.3-47.9	6.1-5.9	137-132	Υ	
220i Luxury	170	8.1	45.6-48.7	6.2-5.8	139-132	Υ	
220i M Sport	170	8.1	46.3-47.9	6.1-5.9	139-134	Υ	
223i Sport	218	7.0	45.6-47.1	6.2-6.0	141-135	Υ	
223i Luxury	218	7.0	44.8-47.1	6.3-6.0	142-135	Υ	
223i M Sport	218	7.0	44.8-46.3	6.3-6.1	141-137	Υ	

	Power output		Fuel consumption – weighted combined		CO ₂ emissions – combined	Electric energy consumption - weighted combined		Equivalent all-electric range		Mild Hybrid Technology [†]
PLUG-IN HYBRID	(hp)	(secs)	(mpg)*	(I/100km)*	(g/km)*	(miles/kWh)*	(kWh/100km)*	(miles)*	(km)*	(Y/N)
225e xDrive Sport	245^	6.7	313.9-353.1	0.9-0.8	20-19	3.7-3.8	16.8-16.4	52.2-54.1	84-87	N
225e xDrive Luxury	245^	6.7	313.9-353.1	0.9-0.8	20-19	3.7-3.8	15.16-14.5	52.2-54.7	84-88	N
225e xDrive M Sport	245^	6.7	313.9	0.9	20-19	3.6-3.7	15.16-14.8	51.6-53.4	84-88	N
230e xDrive Luxury	326^	5.5	313.9-353.1	0.9-0.8	20-19	3.7-3.9	15.16-14.5	51.6-54.7	83-88	N
230e xDrive M Sport	326^	5.5	313.9	0.9	20-19	3.7-3.8	15.16-14.8	51.6-53.4	83-86	N

CO_2 , fuel consumption, electric energy consumption and equivalent all-electric range values will vary dependent on vehicle specification.

Build your BMW, view the CO_2 , fuel consumption, electric energy consumption and equivalent all-electric range figures for your chosen model and decide the specification using the **online configurator**.

^{* =} For plug-in hybrid vehicles these figures were obtained using a combination of battery power and fuel. Plug-in hybrid vehicles require mains electricity for charging. WLTP figures shown are for comparability purposes. Only compare fuel consumption, CO_2 and electric range figures with other cars tested to the same technical procedures. These figures may not reflect real life driving results, which will depend upon a number of factors including the starting charge of the battery, accessories fitted (post-registration), variations in weather, driving styles and vehicle load. WLTP has been used as the applicable CO_2 figure from 1 January 2024 for Vehicle Registration Tax (VRT).

 $^{^{\}dagger}$ = 48V Mild Hybrid Technology provides many benefits including improved recovery of kinetic energy during braking and support of the combustion engine when accelerating. This helps to reduce CO₂ emissions whilst improving fuel consumption and performance. $\hat{}$ = Combined power from Petrol and Electric engines.